

## Hawaiian Gazette

12-PAGE EDITION.

TUESDAY, JULY 4, 1893.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

Herbert H. Gowen has written a fourteen-page article on the rise and decline of the Hawaiian monarchy, which has been published in the Cosmopolitan magazine for June. The article itself has not yet reached here, but notices of it state that Mr. Gowen makes Kalakaua responsible for the overthrow of the late monarchy because he lacked the resource, self-dependence and vigor of the former rulers of Hawaii. Kalakaua may have been more or less to blame in arranging conditions which have hastened the event, but the late king can hardly be held responsible further than this. The hand which gave the fatal push that toppled the unstable monarchy was that of Liliuokalani. Had the policy of Kalakaua, of going so far and no further, been followed by his sister the monarchy might have stood unmolested for years, instead of a few brief months. However, it is better so.

The steamer Warrimoo which arrived in port last Saturday afternoon, was the second of the new line to reach this port. She made good time and carried a general cargo composed principally of samples of Colonial products, such as wines, fruit, horses, meats, shale, etc. Mr. James Huddart, managing owner of the new line, states that the cargo is composed chiefly of experimental shipments with a view to feeling the market and opening up new trade relations. The Warrimoo is a handsome steamer, and her short stay here is due to a desire on Mr. Huddart's part to lower the mail record, if possible. She carried some three thousand six hundred bunches of bananas, besides pineapples, and watermelons from this port. The first rice shipment for Portland, Oregon, of about 100 tons was made. It is understood that hereafter the regular shipments of rice by this line will be very largely increased.

The Briggs case seems to be raising a serious rumour in the religious world, and a perusal of the church press shows there are nearly as many opposing opinions on the policy of declaring Prof. Briggs a heretic, as there are religious journals in the United States and elsewhere. The Christian Union, which is probably the fairest and at the same time one of the most outspoken of the newspapers mentioned, in treating of the case says: "It is our deliberate judgment that the general assembly has by its action done more to bring the Christian religion into disrepute in this country than could be done by a hundred Ingersolls. It has done discredit to the Christian faith by the result which it has reached, by the methods it has employed, and by the spirit it has manifested. The spirit has been one of bitter partisanship, the method one of ecclesiastical politics—a trial, not by a judicial body, but by a mass-meeting, elected, not to try, but to condemn. And the result has been to set the Presbyterian church against both the scholarship of the age and its spirit of catholicity."

The policy of advocating a tax on incomes is being generally discussed by the democratic press of the United States. Although various announcements of Cleveland's attitude on the question have been made from time to time, there seems to be nothing authentic coming directly from him which goes to show whether he will favor the proposed tax or not. There is no doubt a large portion of the democratic press favors the scheme, and most of them have little hesitancy in pointing out the grounds upon which the policy is said to be justified. There are three points upon which they rely: (1) The

justice of the tax; (2) the needs of the treasury; (3) the necessity of some new mode of raising revenue, if the tariff is reduced. While the democratic newspapers have no scruples in taking a stand, President Cleveland is watching the results of the proposition from afar, as it were, hoping, as usual, for some popular sign by which he can shape or mis-shape the policy of his party.

## HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION.

Condensed from the Sun, New York, June 5th.

In the June Forum the Hon. Thomas M. Cooley makes an able argument against the annexation of Hawaii. With persuasive reasoning, in precise and eloquent language this distinguished professor of constitutional law points out what he regards as grave obstacles to the acquisition of the islands.

His argument is entitled to the most careful and respectful examination; and in the most respectful manner possible we shall endeavor to show that there are holes in it through which you might pitchfork not only Hawaii and Maui and Kauai and Oahu and the minor members of the Sandwich group, but all the little islands of the seas.

Briefly and fairly summed up, his constitutional obstacles are these:

1. Hawaii is a sovereign and independent state, and the annexation is to be by mutual consent, not by purchase, as in the case of Louisiana and Florida and Alaska. To this we reply that the exact constitutional precedent for Hawaii is found in the case of the occupation of independent Texas by mutual consent.

2. No attempt was made to ascertain the wishes of the native population of Hawaii. This may have been done in the case of Texas, and to some extent in the case of Louisiana and Florida. It certainly was not done in the case of Alaska.

3. Hawaii is not contiguous like the Louisiana acquisition, Florida and Texas; it is separated from us by a broad expanse of ocean. To this we reply that the exact precedent for a case of non-contiguity and distance across the ocean is found in the annexation of Alaska.

Thus it will be seen that if Judge Cooley is right as to the main reasons given for the unconstitutionality of Hawaiian annexation, either the annexation of Texas was unconstitutional or the annexation of Alaska was unconstitutional. As matters stand, we suppose he would rather accept the latter alternative. Every argument save that of sovereignty of the nation asking admission applies with equal force to Hawaii and to Alaska. The argument as to the independence of the asking nation applies with equal force to Hawaii and Texas. If there is no constitutional precedent for the annexation of Hawaii, and if Texas rightfully belongs to the Union, then Alaska was constitutionally annexed. Its non-contiguity, the failure to consult the wishes of its inhabitants, the fact that it was not needful for the expansion of our natural growth, the incongruous character of its population, and the dissimilarity of their institutions, its immense distance from our boundaries, all serve to establish the unconstitutionality of its annexation, if we accept Judge Cooley's "true rule of constitutional construction on the subject." And if this be true, who owns that vast region to-day?

We leave this question to the Hon. Thomas M. Cooley of Michigan. He is an eminent expounder of constitutional law and we love to read his writings. But on the present subject, which he has so luminously and serenely discussed, the judge's position is as illogical and impossible as that of a full moon shining down from the zenith upon a sunlit sea.—Literary Digest for June.

Mrs. Blount's Visit to Kauai. Mrs. J. H. Blount and Mrs. Lieut. Moore returned Sunday from Kauai by the steamer Mikahala. They left Honolulu a week ago today on the steamer Iwalani for Makaweli, where they were hospitably received by Hon. H. P. Baldwin. The ladies were shown the large mill and the vast cane fields. At the invitation of Mrs. W. H. Rice, of Lihue, the distinguished visitors were shown all the places of interest along the route from Lihue to Hanalei. The party returned to Nawiliwili and took the steamer Mikahala for Honolulu last Saturday. The visitors expressed themselves highly delighted with their trip.

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Ex-Cashier Flood of the Donohoe-Kelly bank has been convicted of embezzling \$162,000 and is awaiting his sentence. Flood is an old man.

Thomas St. Clair has been convicted of murder in the first degree for the killing of Mate Fitzgerald of the bark Hesper. Two more men are to be tried for the same offense.

The widow of the late James M. Donohue is endeavoring to break his will and secure her community share of the estate which was given to charity.

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## SAN FRANCISCO LETTER

Per R. M. S. S. Alameda, San Francisco, June 23.

(From our San Francisco Correspondent.) (Continued.)

## San Francisco News.

The subscriptions to the fund for the three firemen who were killed at the Page-street fire have reached \$8850.

The widow of Charles Lux, the great land baron and cattle king, has sued the surviving partner, Henry Miller, for an accounting and dissolution of copartnership. The property is valued at \$40,000. Miller & Lux began life in San Francisco as sausage-makers on a small scale.

Charles Offer, the wholesale tobaccoist, is in the hands of the sheriff. His liabilities are \$22,000.

Edward Curtis, for years a political agent for the late Senator Stanford, is a physical and mental wreck, and his friends have applied to the court for the appointment of a guardian.

The Davis Ferry and Transportation Company has been incorporated to run a ferry between Oakland and San Francisco.

The receipts of the San Francisco Postoffice for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1893, show quite a notable increase. The gross receipts for this period were \$816,947, and the total increase was \$36,195. San Francisco ranks very high with other presidential offices rated in the first class.

The Donahue Steel and Smelting Company has been incorporated with a capital of \$500,000 to do business here. It is intended to turn out from 50 to 100 tons of steel per day.

The Jory Bros., shoe dealers, have failed for \$20,000.

Fred W. Lees has been appointed city license collector to succeed George W. Lee. The new collector is the son of Captain Lees of the detective force.

Ralph C. Woodward, president of the Crocker-Woolworth Bank, died of heart disease.

The twenty-one brightest children in the State have been sent to the World's Fair by the Examiner and are receiving a great deal of attention.

Dr. Jas. Stanton has been appointed supervisor to succeed Wm. Montgomery deceased.

J. Downey Harvey, the society pet, has been arrested for drunkenness but he says he was not inebriated. Those who saw him say he was.

Wm. H. Crocker has purchased the new Rosenthal building on Market street near Seventh for \$300,000.

The Democrats have settled their factional fight by appointing Max Poppe president of the general committee. This makes him the boss and shows that Buckley and his crowd are at work again.

Attorney Colonel Kowalsky who has been on trial for disbarment before the supreme court for unprofessional conduct has been exonerated.

J. K. Firth of the Phoenix iron works has been forced by his creditors to make a settlement on debts of \$40,000. They accepted forty cents on the dollar and Firth will continue business.

The Great Northern put the knife into transcontinental rates again on the 20th by announcing a rate of \$51 first-class and \$33 second-class from St. Paul to San Francisco. This includes a berth and meals on the steamer from Seattle to San Francisco. This will drag the Union Pacific into the fight unless that road is prepared to sacrifice its Portland business.

D. J. Murphy, the well-known banker of San Jose, Cal., is dead. He accidentally shot himself while cleaning a pistol.

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mined that San Francisco will have a mid-winter Commercial World's Fair, to embrace a large part of the principal exhibits now at Chicago. A large amount of money has been subscribed, and it is quite certain that the required funds will be forthcoming. Such a fair will be of great benefit to the city and State, as the railroads will make a half-fare rate, to encourage travel from the East.

The old war ship Pensacola, which went out of commission a year ago and has since been lying in "rotten row" in Mare island straits, will shortly be towed to this city and fitted out as a sort of "community" ship. For the purpose for which the Pensacola is to be used she will more than answer all requirements. The Harbor Commissioners have granted a permanent free berth on the north side of the Second-street railroad-ferry slip, at which the Pensacola will remain most of the time, although it is anticipated that occasional cruises will be made along the coast. The Pensacola is to be used for three distinct purposes. First comes the Naval Reserve, which is to be given quarters on board for drilling purposes; then come the government recruiting officers, who will remain in charge of the vessel at all times; and last, but not least, there will be quarters provided for a State school of navigation and seamanship.

The new opposition ferry to Oakland is selling monthly commutation tickets for \$2, against \$3 charged by the Southern Pacific Co.

George W. Tyler Jr. is in jail at Alameda, charged with attempting to beat out his wife's brains.

W. C. Hynde, the well-known fishing packer, is dead.

## Sporting.

A syndicate of sporting men of Pioneer, Texas, has offered to back John L. Sullivan with \$20,000 to fight Jim Corbett another battle.

The great Suburban handicap at Sheepshead Bay was won by Lowlander, beating Lamplighter, the favorite, in 2:06½. The winner's purse was \$18,000.

The Navahoe, which is to defend the America's cup in the international regatta in English waters, has sailed for London. She is owned by Royal Phelps Carroll, and is one of the grandest yachts ever built.

The grand prix at Paris was won by Baron Schickler's bay colt Ragotsky. The grand prize of 150,000 francs is given by the five great railway companies. The race is for colts and fillies foaled in 1890 of every description and country. Added to the sweepstakes is an entry fee of 1000 francs each. The second horse receives 10,000 francs, the third 5000 out of the stakes. The course is one mile and seven furlongs.

The fight between Joe Goddard and Willis Kennedy was won by the former in two rounds, Kennedy proving to be an easy punching bag.

Costello the "Buffalo" and Billy Woods fought a draw of fifty-seven rounds.

In the regatta at Austin, Texas, the entries were Stansbury, Petersen, Hanlan, Teemer, Rogers and Gaudaur. Gaudaur won easily, and broke the three-mile record in 19:06.

## To Join the Ministry.

Rev. and Mrs. H. W. Peck and family left on the steamship Warrimoo for British Columbia. Mr. Peck has been a resident of Honolulu for several years and has been vice-principal of the Royal school since he came here over four years ago. He has been also general secretary of the Honolulu Y. M. C. A., but has been obliged to give up his duties here in order to enter the ministry of the Methodist denomination at British Columbia.

## The Warrimoo.

The C. P. steamship Warrimoo, which arrived on Saturday afternoon from the Colonies, is a sister ship to the Miowera of the same line. The saloon arrangements are exactly the same, in fact, the ships resemble each other in every particular, and if the names were removed no one would be able to distinguish which was which.

"I would rather trust that medicine than any doctor I know of" says Mrs. Hattie Mason, of Chilton, Carter Co., Mo., in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This medicine can always be depended upon, even in the most severe and dangerous cases, both for children and adults. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by all medicine dealers.

BENSON, SMITH & CO., Agents for H. I.

The British bark Elizabeth Graham sailed from Newcastle, N. S. W. June 13th for this port, with 930 tons of coal.

## A NARROW ESCAPE.

Dr. Oliver's Horse Rolls Down a Pali.

Dr. R. Oliver, resident physician of the leper settlement at Molokai, narrowly escaped being dashed down the pali road leading to Kaulakakai. Last Friday morning, Dr. Oliver left the settlement to meet the steamer Mokolii at Kaulakakai to come to Honolulu. He rode his horse up the pali which surrounds the leper settlement and shuts it off from the rest of the outside world. The pali extends almost perpendicular to a height of over 2000 feet. Winding to the top of the mountain is a narrow trail. This trail is barely wide enough in places for a single horse to pass, yet it is over this dangerous trail that the kamaainas go up and down with their pack animals.

Dr. Oliver stated to an ADVERTISER reporter that he had gone more than 1500 feet up, and had passed most of the dangerous places when his horse stepped on a loose stone and instantly rolled down the steep precipice to the valley below. The horse was killed long before it reached the base of the pali. Dr. Oliver by luck dropped on the trail when he fell. The doctor declares it was a most miraculous escape, which he can scarcely account for.

A few weeks ago a horse rolled down the same trail and was killed. It will be remembered that the native mail carrier and his horse were killed by being thrown off the same pass several months ago. Notwithstanding these fatal accidents, the road is used daily by the kamaainas either upon or leading their animals.

## DISASTER IN THE ORIENT.

Nine Hundred Houses Burned—Ten Persons Murdered—Other Casualties.

VICTORIA, (B. C.), June 14.—Advices from Japan by the Empress of Japan, which arrived last night from the Orient, state that a destructive fire occurred at Araicho, in the middle of Kubiki district, on the 18th ultimo, consuming 900 houses, a police station, a postoffice and the Town office.

During the night of the 25th ultimo three men and seven women were murdered in a house at Akasaka Murai, in the Ishikawa district of Kawa-chi province. The murderer has been arrested.

A sailing vessel which left the port of Shimoda on the 20th ultimo for Tadotsu, in Shanshu province, was caught in a severe tempest during the same night, when about ten miles off Onuma Point, Enshu province. She was completely wrecked and the whole of her crew of twelve Japanese were drowned, with the exception of the pilot. The pilot is said to have been in the water for over ten hours, keeping himself afloat by the aid of a piece of wood.

The Government has just carried out the important financial operation of redeeming 13,000,000 yen worth of 6 per cent. public loan funds. It is semi-officially announced that the remaining portion of the 6 per cent. debt, namely, 6,000,000 yen, will be redeemed in October next.

The expedition of Lieutenant Dunji to the Kurile Islands has come to a tragic end. About the last of March the Lieutenant, with a party of thirty men, set out in small boats from Tokyo to the inhospitable Kuriles to form a settlement.

Such a long voyage northward in boats so small, invested the expedition with peculiar hazard and interest. The Emperor contributed to the aid of the enterprise and the people regarded it with enthusiasm, as the band of men were of tried military capacity. But the expedition came to a sudden end, two of the boats with seventeen men, being lost in a storm.

## The Conspiracy Cases.

Yesterday at the opening of the District court Judge Carter briefly announced his decision in the conspiracy cases against E. C. Crick, A. Sinclair and T. B. Walker. Crick was discharged from custody owing to a failure of direct evidence to connect him with the conspiracy. Walker and Sinclair were held for trial; their cases will come up at the August term of court.

## About Hawaii.

Worthington's Illustrated Magazine for June—a new Eastern publication—contains the first paper of a series of four, to be published, on "Random Notes on Hawaiian Life." The articles in question are being contributed by Dr. C. T. Rodgers, at the request of the publisher, and will well repay perusal. The present article is to be profusely illustrated with Hawaiian views.

## Eight Arrests.

A native woman named Kaahanui was arrested on Saturday evening for selling swipes without license. Four drunks and a common nuisance were the other arrests on Saturday night. A Chinese opium fiend and a drunk constitute last night's arrests.

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July 3d, 1893.

One hundred and seventeen years ago, the fires of independence which had been smouldering in the breasts of a handful of Colonists on the Eastern border of the American Continent burst forth in a blaze of glory; in that same fire was kindled a patriotic feeling that has descended from generation to generation until the American of today is as full of Yankee Doodle as an egg is of meat. In every clime, the American is to be found, and from Greenland to Yokohama he patronizes the "nickel in the slot" machine that plays "The Star Spangled Banner." Here in Hawaii you find more American flags flying than in any foreign territory on the map.

It's about even with the Hendry Breaker. Wherever there is a plantation, you find one of our breakers; people think it is the best, just as Americans show a preference for the stars and stripes.

The Alameda brought us a large assortment of English cutlery—pocket knives that you've been waiting for and which are necessary to every one. We get them from England—George Westenholm's factory, where they make the best cutlery in the world. They are as well known as the Aermotor and that, you know is a familiar word in all languages. A 16-foot geared Aermotor goes to Kilauea plantation this week and another one to Ewa. They are growing more popular all the time.

THE HAWAIIAN HARDWARE CO.,

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FORT STREET, HONOLULU.

The first question asked by Puget Sound visitors to Honolulu a few days ago was in reference to TARO FLOUR. It seems that the people of Vancouver and the Sound are subject to attacks of dyspepsia just as they are to land booms and they want something to counteract the disastrous effects. TARO FLOUR will fix dyspepsia, but as Kate Field says of the typical American, so we say of land booms—a counter irritant hasn't been born yet. TARO FLOUR has never had a boom, but it has made remarkable progress under the influence of a good steady growth.

If you have dyspepsia or if you want to feel satisfied after a hearty meal include TARO FLOUR in your menu.

CASTLE &amp; COOKE

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE—

—AGENTS

—AGENTS FOR—

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.

OF BOSTON.

Alliance Assurance

COMPANY OF LONDON.

Etna Fire Insurance Co.

OF HARTFORD.

KOHALA SEMINARY.

THE MAUNA OLIVA SEMINARY Kohala, had its successful closing exercises June 5th. The next term will commence September 4th. Applications for admission should be sent to the principal as early as possible before the beginning of the term. The number of pupils is limited to 50. The board and tuition is \$300 not including use of bed and meals.

M. F. WHITE, Principal.

1894